

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

\* \* \*

**EUGENIA GAINES, an individual,**

Case No. 2:17-cv-0612-APG-VCF

Plaintiff,

## **ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO REMAND CASE TO STATE COURT**

V.

BATH & BODY WORKS, LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability Company; YET UNKONWN EMPLOYEE; DOES I through X, inclusive.

(ECE NO. 8)

### Defendants.

Defendant Bath & Body Works, LLC (BBW) removed this case to federal court on February 24, 2017. The plaintiff moved to remand the case to state court because the amount in controversy does not meet this court’s jurisdictional floor of \$75,000. ECF No. 8. The plaintiff alleges that she has incurred medical expenses of \$19,381.36, and that her recommended shoulder surgery “appears to result from a preexisting bone spur,” rather than from the incident described in her complaint. *Id.* at 2:27-3:4. Because it does not appear that the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000, I remand this case to state court.

Federal courts are courts of limited jurisdiction. *Owen Equip. & Erection Co. v. Kroger*, 437 U.S. 365, 374 (1978). “A federal court is presumed to lack jurisdiction in a particular case unless the contrary affirmatively appears.” *Stock West, Inc. v. Confederated Tribes of the Colville Res.*, 873 F.2d 1221, 1225 (9th Cir. 1989). “Federal jurisdiction must be rejected if there is any doubt as to the right of removal in the first instance.” *Gaus v. Miles, Inc.*, 980 F.2d 564, 566 (9th Cir. 1992) (citing *Libhart v. Santa Monica Dairy Co.*, 592 F.2d 1062, 1064 (9th Cir. 1979)). Thus, courts “strictly construe the removal statute against removal jurisdiction.” *Gaus*, 980 F.2d at 566. “The ‘strong presumption’ against removal jurisdiction means that the defendant always has the burden of establishing that removal is proper.” *Id.* Remand is required if the court lacks

1 subject matter jurisdiction. 28 U.S.C. § 1447(c); *see also Aguon-Schulte v. Guam Election  
2 Comm'n*, 469 F.3d 1236, 1240 (9th Cir. 2006) ("[R]emand may be ordered either for lack of  
3 subject matter jurisdiction or for 'any defect' in the removal procedure.").

4 "[I]n cases where a plaintiff's state court complaint does not specify a particular amount  
5 of damages, the removing defendant bears the burden of establishing, by a preponderance of the  
6 evidence, that the amount in controversy exceeds [\$75,000]." *Sanchez v. Monumental Life Ins.*  
7 *Co.*, 102 F.3d 398, 404 (9th Cir. 1996). Broad allegations that the jurisdictional amount is met,  
8 "although attempting to recite some 'magical incantation,' neither overcome[ ] the 'strong  
9 presumption' against removal jurisdiction, nor satisf[y][the defendant]'s burden of setting forth,  
10 in the removal petition itself, the underlying facts supporting its assertion that the amount in  
11 controversy exceeds" \$75,000. *Abrego Abrego v. The Dow Chem. Co.*, 443 F.3d 676, 689 (9th  
12 Cir. 2006) (emphasis omitted) (quoting *Gaus*, 980 F.2d at 567); *see also Singer v. State Farm*  
13 *Mut. Auto. Ins. Co.*, 116 F.3d 373, 377 (9th Cir. 1997) ("[R]emoval cannot be based simply upon  
14 conclusory allegations where the ad damnum is silent.") (internal quotations and citation  
15 omitted).

16 "Where a complaint is unclear as to the total amount of damages sought, but alleges only  
17 upper or lower limits or types of damages, a district court is free in its preponderance-of-the-  
18 evidence analysis to make estimations of the amount of damages that could be obtained consistent  
19 with the vague wording of the complaint." *Elliker v. Contractors Bonding & Ins. Co.*, 3:12-CV-  
20 00438-RCJ-WGC, 2013 WL 757621 at \*1 (D. Nev. Feb. 27, 2013) (*citing Guglielmino v. McKee*  
21 *Foods Corp.*, 506 F.3d 696, 700-01 (9th Cir. 2007)). In making such analyses, district courts can  
22 make "reasonable deductions, reasonable inferences, or other reasonable extrapolations from the  
23 pleadings to determine whether it is facially apparent that a case is removable," and "may use  
24 their judicial experience and common sense in determining whether the case stated in a complaint  
25 meets federal jurisdictional requirements." *Roe v. Michelin N. Am., Inc.*, 613 F.3d 1058, 1061-  
26 1062 (11th Cir. 2010) (internal quotation marks omitted); *see also Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, 556 U.S.  
27  
28

1 662, 679 (2009) (“Determining whether a complaint states a plausible claim for relief . . . requires  
2 the reviewing court to draw on its judicial experience and common sense.”).

3 Here, there is considerable doubt as to BBW’s right to remove this case because it appears  
4 highly unlikely that the amount in controversy exceeds this court’s jurisdictional threshold. The  
5 plaintiff alleges that her medical bills are approximately \$19,000.00. ECF No. 8 at 2:27. BBW  
6 contends that the plaintiff’s counsel previously stated the plaintiff needed shoulder surgery, and  
7 that he values the case at \$150,000 to \$200,000. ECF No. 11 at 2. But the plaintiff points out that  
8 the shoulder surgery “appears to result from a preexisting bone spur,” rather than from the  
9 incident described in her complaint. *Id.* at 2:27-3:4. Thus, it does not factor into the amount in  
10 controversy in this case. Moreover, the statements made by the plaintiff’s counsel during  
11 settlement discussions are not, in this case, sufficient to convince me that the amount at issue  
12 meets or exceeds \$75,000, especially given the low amount of her medical bills.

13 Based on my judicial, legal, and practical experience and common sense, I find that BBW  
14 has not met its burden of establishing by a preponderance of the evidence that the amount in  
15 controversy exceeds \$75,000. *Roe*, 613 F.3d at 1061-1062; *Iqbal*, 556 U.S. at 679. Consequently,  
16 I must remand this action to state court.

17 IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED the case is remanded to the state court from which it was  
18 removed for all further proceedings. The Clerk of the Court is instructed to close this case.

19 Dated: April 10, 2017.

20   
21 ANDREW P. GORDON  
22 UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28